Product Information

MASTER PACK OC

*Div. 7-Thermal and Moisture Protection*

*Open-Cell Foam Insulation*

*ESR 1655*

**Product Description**

Master Pack OC open-cell spray applied polyurethane foam is produced with a two component, low density, non-structural insulation system designed for commercial,

residential and industrial applications.

The low density nature of Master Pack OC foam allows for tremendous yield while still affording critical air sealing of the home, office space or classroom - resulting in increased energy savings and comfort for building occupants.

The system used to produce Master Pack OC SPF foam comprises an “A” component or aromatic

**Recommended Uses**

Walls Unvented Attics Ceilings

Floors Vented Attics

As with any product, use of Master Pack OC foam in a given application must be tested (including but not limited to field testing) in advance by the user to determine suitability.

**Typical Physical Properties\***

**Properties Test Method**

Fungi Resistance: ASTM G-21

R Value (aged): ASTM C-518

Air Leakage Rate: ASTM E-283

Compressive Strength: ASTM D-1621

Apparent Density: ASTM D-1622

Open Cell Content: ASTM D-2856

Tensile Strength: ASTM D-1623

Water Vapor Permeability: ASTM E-96

Dimensional Stability: ASTM D-2126

(158°F at 97 % R.H.)

Surface Burning Characteristics\*\* ASTM E-84

 4-inches

*\* These items are provided as general information only. They are approximate values and are not part of the product specifications.*

*\*\* These numerical flame spread values are not a true reflection on how this or any material will perform in actual fire conditions.*

**Environmental Consideration and**

**Substrate Temperatures**

Applicators must recognize and anticipate climatic conditions prior to application to ensure highest quality foam and to maximize yield. Ambient air and substrate temperatures, humidity, and moisture are all critical determinants of foam quality. Extreme

ambient air and substrate temperature will influence the chemical reaction of the two components, directly affecting the yield, adhesion and the resultant physical properties of the foam insulation. The system used to produce Master Pack OC foam should only be spray-applied to substrates when ambient air and surface temperatures fall within a range of 50ºF

and 120ºF. All substrates to be sprayed must be free of dirt, soil, grease, oil and moisture prior to the application of Master Pack OC foam. Moisture in any form: excessive humidity (>85%R.H.), rain, fog, or ice will react chemically and will adversely affect system performance and corresponding physical properties. Do not spray Master Pack OC foam if the substrate temperature is within 5ºF of dew point. Precautions must be taken to prevent damage to adjacent areas from overspray.

 **Value**

 Zero Rating

 3.9 at 1 inch

 13 at 3.5 inches

 19 at 5.5 inches

 < 0.02 (L/s)/m2

 < 5 psi

 0.5 pcf nominal

 > 90%

 < 5 psi

 21 perm-in

 < 15% change in volume

 Flame Spread Index < 25

 Smoke Developed Index < 450

**Processing Parameters**

Store at 65º to 85ºF in a dry and well-ventilated area. Material in containers should be maintained at 80ºF to 90ºF while in use. Heated trailers or conditioned

storage may be necessary. Material temperature

should be confirmed with a thermometer or an

infrared gun if calibrated for drum material.

The components used to produce Master Pack OC foam should be mixed once a day with a high-speed mixer for 15 to 30 minutes prior to application. Master Pack recommends the use of a minimum 1.5 HP through-bung, air-powered mixer equipped with three sets of mixing blades: two six inch blades

on top and one eight inch blade on the bottom. To properly drive the mixer, 20 cfm of air is preferred. Using less air pressure may require extended mixing times. A thorough high-speed mix is an essential step in high quality foam production.

**Do not recirculate or mix other suppliers’ “A”**

**or “B” component into the containers use to**

**produce Master Pack OC foam. 2:1 transfer pumps**

**are recommended for material transfer from**

**container to the proportioner.**

When converting from one SPF “B” system to

another it is important to drain hoses and transfer pumps to minimize transitional material. SPF created during the transition should not be installed as insulation. This material should be discarded using an appropriate disposal method consistent with local codes and regulations.

The plural component proportioner must be capable of supplying each component within ± 2% of the desired 1:1 mixing ratio by volume.

Hose heaters should be set to deliver 115ºF to 140ºF materials to the spray gun. Proportioner dynamic pressures should be in the 1000 to 1500 psi range. These settings will help provide thorough mixing in the spray gun mix chamber in typical applications. Optimum hose pressure and temperature will vary with equipment type and condition, ambient and substrate conditions, and the specific application. It is the responsibility of the applicator to properly interpret equipment technical literature, particularly information that relates to the acceptable combinations of gun chamber size, proportioner output, and material pressures.

The relationship between proper chamber size and

the capacity of the proportioner’s pre-heater is

critical.

**CAUTION: Extreme care must be taken when**

**removing and reinstalling drum transfer pumps**

**so as NOT to reverse the “A” and “B” components.**

 **Processing Parameters and**

 **Physical Characteristics**

Pre-heater Temperature: “A” and “B” 115-140°F

Hose Temperature: “A” and “B” 115-140°F

Pressures: 1000-1500 psi (dynamic)\*

Mix Ratio Parts: 1 to 1 by volume “A” to “B”

Viscosity at 75°F: 225 cps “B” Component

Shelf Life: 6 months @ 65° - 85°F

*\* Dependent upon hose length.*

**Thermal Barrier**

The Model Building Codes require that SPF be

separated from the interior of a building by an

approved fifteen (15) minute thermal barrier, such as

1/2" gypsum wall board or equivalent, installed per

manufacturer’s instructions and corresponding code

requirements. The Model Building Codes allow for

omission of the prescribed thermal barrier in certain

instances by way of diversified testing, such as:

• attics and crawlspaces with limited access.

• successful testing in accordance with room

 corner protocols.

Local building codes may vary and must be consulted

for applicability of thermal barrier exceptions.

**Handling Information**

Applicators should ensure the safety of the jobsite

and construction personnel by posting appropriate

signs warning that all “hot work” such as welding,

soldering, and cutting with torches should not take

place until a thermal barrier or approved equivalent is

installed over any exposed polyurethane foam.

**Vapor Retarder**

Master Pack OC foam is intended for indoor applications, and is not a vapor retarder. It is vapor permeable and will allow for some diffusion of moisture through the insulation. The following considerations are needed: (1) A vapor retarder needs to be considered

in the design of the building envelope in cold climates, such as zones 4 and higher in the U.S., as defined in 2004 Supplement To The IRC, Table N 1101.2; (2) A vapor retarder also needs to be considered where high interior humidity conditions exist. Refer to local codes and manufacturer’s written specifications to

ensure compliance.

**Application Thickness**

Applicators should limit Master Pack OC foam thickness to 6" per lift for optimal processing and physical properties.

Note: The information contained in this bulletin is current as of May 2010. Please contact Master Pack

to determine whether this publication has been revised.

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The manner in which you use and the purpose to which you put and utilize our products, technical assistance and information (whether verbal, written or by way of production evaluations), including any suggested formulations and recommendations are beyond our control. Therefore, it is imperative that you test our products, technical assistance and information to determine to your own satisfaction whether our products, technical assistance and information are suitable for your intended uses and applications. This application specific analysis must at least include testing to determine suitability from a technical as well as health, safety, and environmental standpoint. Such testing has not necessarily been done by us. Unless we otherwise agree in writing, all products are sold strictly pursuant to the terms of our standard conditions of sale which are available upon request. All information and technical assistance is given without warranty or guarantee and is subject to change without notice. It is expressly understood and agreed that you assume and hereby expressly release us from all liability, in tort, contract or otherwise, incurred in connection with the use of our products, technical assistance, and information. Any statement or recommendation not contained herein is unauthorized and shall not bind us. Nothing herein shall be construed as a recommendation to use any product in conflict with any claim of any patent relative to any material or its use. No license is implied or in fact granted under the claims of any patent.

**Health and Safety Information**

Appropriate literature has been assembled which

provides information concerning the health and safety precautions that must be observed when handling materials used to produce Master Pack OC foam. Before working with this product, you must read and become familiar with the available information on its risks, proper use and handling. This cannot be overemphasized.

Information is available in several forms, e.g.,

material safety data sheets and product labels. More resources are available at spraypolyurethane.com, polyurethane.org, sprayfoam.org, or by contacting Master Pack